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6 7	Attorneys for Defendants COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, LARRY W. WARD, PAUL ANGULO and DON KENT	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10 11	EASTERN DIVISION	
12 13	AGUA CALIENTE BAND OF CAHUILLA INDIANS,	Case No. 5:14-cv-00007-DMG-DTB Judge: Hon. Dolly M. Gee
14	Plaintiff, v.	OPPOSITION TO REQUEST FOR LEAVE TO FILE BRIEF AS AMICUS CURIAE
15 16	RIVERSIDE COUNTY, et al.,	
17 18	Defendants; and DESERT WATER AGENCY,	
19	Defendant-Intervenor.	
20 21	The County of Riverside opposes the National Intertribal Tax Alliance's	
22	("NITA") request for leave to file a brief as <i>amicus curiae</i> . See National Intertribal	
23 24	Tax Alliance's Request for Leave to File Brief as Amicus Curiae, Oct. 9, 2014,	
25	ECF No. 51. Because the brief is untimely and the arguments NITA raises exceed	
26 27	the scope of this Court's Order Re Additional Briefing for Motion for Judgment on	
28	The County informed counsel for NITA on October 8, 2014 that the County was unable to take a position with respect to NITA's request until it had the opportunity to review NITA's Motion for Leave and Brief	
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the Pleadings, Aug. 29, 2014, ECF No. 46, the motion for leave should be denied. If the court does grant NITA's request to file a brief, Defendants should be accorded the full opportunity to respond to arguments not raised by the Plaintiff.

On August 15, 2014, eight months after the Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians ("Tribe") filed suit, the parties, including Intervenor–Defendant the Desert Water Agency, completed briefing Defendants' Joint Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings, see ECF Nos. 42, 43, 45. On August 27, the Court ordered supplemental briefing on two issues: (1) whether 25 C.F.R. § 162.017(c) is invalid because it exceeds the Bureau of Indian Affair's authority; and (2) whether 25 C.F.R. § 162.017(c) does not preempt the County's possessory interest taxes because the regulation states it is "subject to applicable federal law." Order Re Additional Briefing for Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings, Aug. 27, 2014, ECF No. 46. By amended order, the Court directed the parties to complete the supplemental briefing by October 15, 2014. Order Modifying the Briefing Schedule, Aug. 29, 2014, ECF No. 48. NITA filed its Request for Leave one week before the briefing is scheduled to be completed. ECF No. 51.

The Court should deny leave because NITA's proposed brief is untimely and is outside the scope of the Court's Order for Supplemental Briefing. Again, the Court ordered the parties to address the validity of 25 C.F.R. § 162.017(c) and whether that regulation preempts the County's possessory interest taxes, given that the regulation states that it is "subject to applicable federal law." ECF No. 46.

NITA, however, has focused its arguments principally on *White Mountain Apache Tribe v. Bracker*, 448 U.S. 136 (1980), arguing that the decision abrogates the Ninth Circuit's prior rulings on the possessory interest tax in *Agua Caliente Band of Mission Indians v. Riverside County*, 442 F.2d 1184 (9th Cir. 1971), and *Fort Mojave Tribe v. San Bernardino County*, 543 F.2d 1253 (9th Cir. 1976). *See* Request for Leave, Exh. A 10.

Apart from not responding to the issues that the Court identified for supplemental briefing, the parties argued the relevance of the *Bracker* decision in the first round of briefing. *See generally*, Opposition to Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings 8–9, Aug. 7, 2014, ECF No. 43. NITA's proposed brief reiterates most of the arguments the Tribe made in that first round, well *after* that round of briefing had concluded. The period in which to have raised the issues that NITA now seeks to argue was from July to August, when the Defendants still had the opportunity to respond fully to them and prior to the Court's request for supplemental briefing of other issues.

In addition to rehashing arguments from the previous round of briefing, NITA would recast the pending case to include arguments not raised by Plaintiff but that NITA would prefer were present. For instance, NITA seeks to argue that the possessory interest tax is preempted by 25 U.S.C. § 465 by claiming the "Tribe's claims are based on . . . 25 U.S.C. § 465." *See* Request for Leave, Exh. A 1. The Tribe, however, did not cite 25 U.Ş.C. § 465 in its complaint, and had not

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addressed that issue, apart from suggesting in a footnote that 25 U.S.C. § 465—which Congress passed in 1934—is an intervening change in the law since the Ninth Circuit decided *Agua Caliente* in 1971. The Plaintiff did not previously raise this issue, <sup>2</sup> see Opp. Mot. Judgment Pldgs.10 n.4, 15, Aug. 7, 2014, ECF No. 43, and, therefore, preemption by operation of § 465 is an entirely new theory—one that is irrelevant for purposes of the Court's August 27, 2014, Order. *Cf.* Supreme Court Rule 37.1 ("An amicus curiae brief that brings to the attention of the Court relevant matter not already brought to its attention by the parties may be of considerable help to the Court. An amicus curiae brief that does not serve this purpose burdens the Court, and its filing is not favored."); see also Defendant-Intervenor's Opp. to Request for Leave to File Amicus Brief, Oct. 10, 2014 ECF No. 52 (discussing the Court's discretion to deny requests for leave).

For the reasons stated above, the County respectfully requests that NITA's motion for leave to file the amicus brief be denied. If the Court grants leave, the County respectfully requests the opportunity to fully brief the new issues presented.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Plaintiff asserts for the first time in its Supplemental Opposition that 25 U.S.C. § 465 is "a separate and independently sufficient basis for invalidating the [Possessory Interest Tax] without relying on or even considering [25 C.F.R.] § 162.017." Supp. Opp. 14, Oct. 8, 2014, ECF No. 50. This novel argument is clearly outside the scope of the Court's Order for supplemental briefing, and does not appear in the Tribe's complaint. The County did not address this issue in its supplemental brief—both because of the limits of the Court's August 27, 2014, Order and because the Argument was never before presented.

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