Plaintiff's Response to Defendant's Motion to Reconsider at Dkt. No. 33

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3:16-cv-05391-WHO

Factual Narrative

In January of 2016, Blue Lake Rancheria served me with notice that it was suing me in its tribal court, with defendant Judge Marston presiding. Believing the underlying tribal action to be malicious, and the tribe and its court to be corrupt, I brought suit in this Court to obtain a declaratory judgment that Blue Lake lacks jurisdiction over me.

Defendants moved to dismiss my action, claiming my failure to exhaust tribal remedies rendered the action premature. I resisted, alleging that Judge Marston defrauded me in tribal court by concealing the fact that he is Blue Lake's attorney, in addition to being its judge. The fraud was material, since it is Blue Lake itself that sues me in Blue Lake tribal court. A material fraud is a form of bad faith, and that bad faith conduct ripened my claim for immediate federal review. *Grand Canyon Skywalk Dev.*, *LLC v. 'sa' Nyu Wa Inc.*, 715 F.3d 1196, 1201 (9th Cir. 2013).

Judge Marston declared to this Court on November 8th at Dkt. No. 22 that his only relationship with Blue Lake was being "Chief Judge of [its] Tribal Court" (Id., ¶ 3, lines 8-9), that he was "not [Blue Lake's] attorney" (Id., ¶ 13, line 11) and that he was only compensated by Blue Lake for services "provided under [his] judicial services contract" (Id., ¶ 3, lines 10-11.)

On November 11th, I provided this Court with a contradictory declaration made by Judge Marston in *Blue Lake v. Shiomoto*. In the *Shiomoto* declaration, Judge Marston declared that he was in fact "the attorney for Blue Lake Rancheria" (Dkt. No. 25-2, ¶ 1), and that he was seeking to recoup attorney's fees for his work as such (Id., ¶ 5, lines 23-26).

On December 7th, this Court expressed its concern that neither Judge Marston nor Blue Lake had addressed the *Shiomoto* declaration directly. And so on December 8th, this Court issued a discovery order and briefing schedule to afford Judge Marston the opportunity to do so. *Dkt. No. 30*.

On December 29th, an unsigned and unstamped order by Judge Marston was emailed to some of the parties in the underlying tribal action from "bluelakerancheriatribalcourt@gmail.com." *Dkt. No. 33*, p7, p28. The order denied any wrongdoing by Judge Marston (*Id.*, pp 8-28), admitted that Judge Marston identified himself as Blue Lake's attorney in *Shiomoto* (*Id.*, p 27, lines 7-8), and recused Judge Marston from the underlying tribal action (*Id.*, p 28, lines 6-9). But the order also left all of Judge Marston's prior orders in place, and established that Judge Marston would personally assign an associate judge to preside in his stead. (*Id.*, p 28, lines 6-9.)

On December 30th, Blue Lake Rancheria asked this Court to consider reconsidering its discovery order based upon Judge Marston's Gmailed recusal order. *Id.* pp 1-4.

Argument

Nothing in Judge Marston's recusal order addresses the core issue of the bad faith exception. If Judge Marston defrauded me in the tribal court by concealing the fact that he is Blue Lake's attorney, then he conducted the proceedings there in bad faith. That bad faith conduct ripened my claim for federal review under 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

Judge Marston's unrepentant admission that he concealed some facts, coming several months and a federal lawsuit later, does not unripen my suit.

This is especially so since I continue to be subjected to the orders of Judge Marston. His denial of my motion to dismiss in the tribal court remains in place. He is personally appointing a successor judge to preside in tribal court. He continues to actively conduct affairs in the tribal proceeding. *Dkt. No. 33*, p 28, lines 6-9.

The only thing that has changed is that it appears both Judge Marston and Blue Lake now openly admit that Marston acts as Blue Lake's attorney in *Shiomoto*, concurrent with his presiding over Blue Lake and me in the underlying tribal action.

¹ All page number references are to the ECF generated page numbers atop each page.

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Normally, we would need to hesitate before accepting an unsigned and unstamped judicial order issued from an unverified Gmail account. But in this case, the relevant fact from Judge Marston's order is his admission that he acts as Blue Lake's attorney in Shiomoto. Blue Lake is, and always has been, aware of whether or not Judge Marston sometimes acts as its attorney. It is Blue Lake that submits Judge Marston's Gmail recusal order into evidence, and their certification vouches for its authenticity.

All doubt is removed. Judge Marston is Blue Lake's attorney in *Shiomoto*. By concealing that fact, he defrauded me in tribal court, and perjured himself in this Court.

Conclusion

Judge Marston's recusal order is an allocution without remorse. He admits in passing that he concealed from me, and this Court, that he sometimes acts as Blue Lake's attorney. But only after describing at length how only fools could mind the deceit.

I stand ready to continue with discovery and briefing under this Court's December 8th order. Indeed, a deposition has been noticed for January 23rd at 1:30pm in San Rafael.

And yet, perhaps the Court might reconsider its December 8th order after all, armed now as it is with the facts to find beyond a reasonable doubt that Judge Marston conducted the underlying tribal proceeding in bad faith, and to find as well that he lied in his declaration to this Court.

With such findings in hand, we could proceed to addressing the question of whether or not the tribal court in fact has jurisdiction over me. And I hope that, with such findings in hand, this Court could also enjoin the tribal action from proceeding until this present action is resolved.

Submitted December 31st, 2016

By: