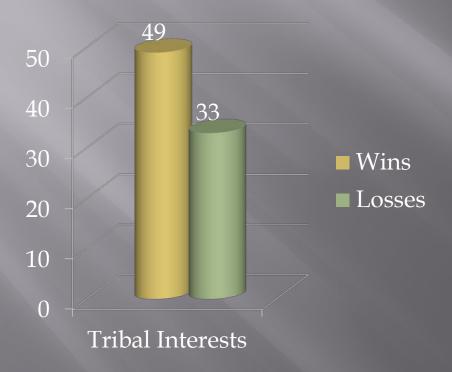
THE TENTH JUSTICE LOST IN INDIAN COUNTRY

Matthew L.M. Fletcher
Michigan State University
College of Law

Supreme Court Outcomes 1958-2009

OT 1958-1986

OT 1986-2009





"The Tenth Justice Lost in Indian Country" Research

- Current, ongoing study on the success of the Office of Solicitor General in Indian law cases (OT 1998 to 2008)
- Rule of Thumb in SCT litigation get the OSG on your side (Patricia Millet's paper on obtaining the OSG's support in SCT cases)
- Preliminary research strongly suggests that the OSG is likely to succeed in Indian law cases when it opposes tribal interests
- But when the OSG sides with tribal interests, the success rates drop dramatically

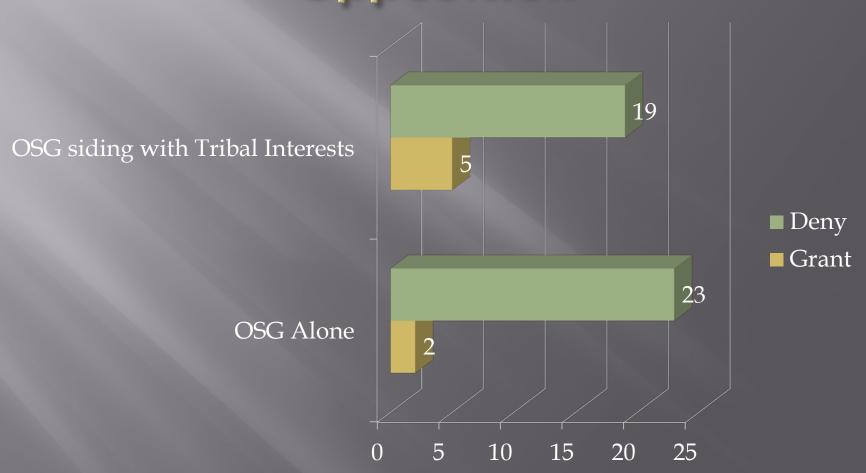
OSG Certiorari Success Rates

- □ Petitioning for certiorari 65-70 percent
- Opposing certiorari ~99 percent
- Opposing certiorari as amicus 75-83 percent
- Recommending certiorari as amicus 44-93 percent
- Non-OSG petitioner certiorari success rate less than 1 percent
- Source: David C. Thompson & Melanie F. Wachtell, An Empirical Analysis of Supreme Court Certiorari Petition Procedures: The Call for Response and the Call for the Views of the Solicitor General, 16 Geo. Mason L. Rev. 237 (2009)

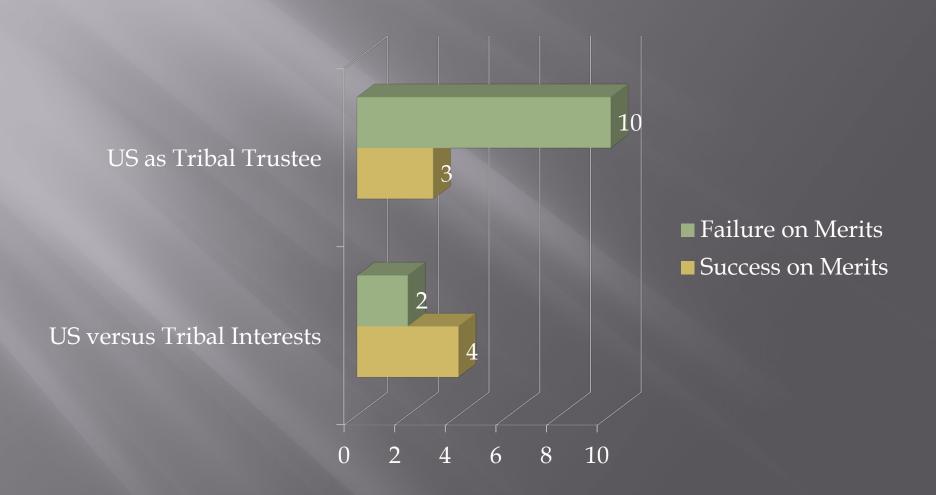
OSG Merits Stage Success Rates

Forthcoming – expected to be pretty good ©

OSG Certiorari Success Rates: Indian Law Cases - Cert Opposition



OSG Merits Stage Success Rates: Indian Law Cases



Representative Cases: Common Law Cases

- Land claims City of Sherrill v. Oneida Indian Nation (2005) and United States v. Pataki (2006)
- Indian tax cases Atkinson Trading v. Shirley (2001) and Wagnon v. Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (2005)
- Jurisdiction cases Nevada v. Hicks (2001) and Plains Commerce Bank v. Long Family Land and Cattle Co. (2008)
- Others *C&L Enterprises v. Citizen Potawatomi Nation* (2001)

Representative Cases: Statutory Interpretation

- Dept. of Interior v. Klamath Water Users Assn. (2001)
- 🗉 Carcieri v. Salazar (2001)

Contra: Treaty Rights Cases

- Minnesota v. Mille Lacs Band of Chippewa Indians (1999)
- Arizona v. California (2000)
- Idaho v. United States (2001)

Representative Cases: U.S. Opposing Tribal Interests

- Arizona Dept. of Revenue v. Blaze Construction (1999)
- Chickasaw Nation v. United States (2001)
- Inyo County v. Paiute-Shoshone Indians (2003)
- United States v. White Mountain Apache (2003)
- United States v. Navajo Nation I (2003) and II (2009)
- Cherokee Nation v. Leavitt (2005)

One Special Case

- United States v. Lara (2004)
- OSG's main theory: Duro Fix a reaffirmation of inherent tribal authority (Breyer, Stevens, O'Connor, Rehnquist, Ginsburg)
- OSG's alternative theory: tribal court jurisdiction invalid (Kennedy, Thomas)
- Is *Lara* safe? Simply put, no.
- The line up: Breyer, Stevens (?!?!), and
 Ginsburg versus Scalia, Kennedy, and Thomas
- Unknowns? Roberts, Alito, Sotomayor